

## **House of Representatives**

### File No. 962

### General Assembly

January Session, 2019

(Reprint of File No. 85)

House Bill No. 6996 As Amended by House Amendment Schedule "A"

Approved by the Legislative Commissioner May 22, 2019

# AN ACT EXTENDING THE EZEQUIEL SANTIAGO FORECLOSURE MEDIATION PROGRAM UNTIL JUNE 30, 2023.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Subdivision (9) of section 8-265cc of the general statutes is
- 2 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from
- 3 passage):
- 4 (9) "Foreclosure mediation program" means the [foreclosure
- 5 mediation program] <u>Ezequiel Santiago Foreclosure Mediation Program</u>
- 6 established [by] pursuant to section 49-31m, as amended by this act;
- 7 and
- 8 Sec. 2. Section 49-24f of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 9 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 10 A mortgagee may file a motion for judgment of foreclosure by
- 11 market sale on or after the ten days following the return date specified
- in the complaint filed in accordance with subsection (b) of section 49-
- 13 24e. Upon motion of the mortgagee and with the consent of the

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mortgagor, the court, after notice and hearing, may render a judgment of foreclosure by market sale approving the purchase and sale contract, which judgment shall be a final judgment for purposes of appeal, and appoint a person to make the sale. The only issues at such hearing shall be a finding of the fair market value of the residential real property and of any priority liens on such property and a determination of the amount of the fees and expenses of sale, including any real estate broker commissions, the person appointed to make the sale, the reasonable costs and expenses incurred by the purchaser of such property in connection with the purchase and sale contract, the mortgagee's debt and whether the mortgagee's debt together with any priority liens exceeds the fair market value of such property. Following such hearing, the court may render a supplemental judgment that specifies the persons who are entitled to proceeds from the market sale and the amount of such proceeds to which each such person is entitled. If the court denies the mortgagee's motion for the judgment of foreclosure by market sale contemplated by this section or if circumstances develop that make it reasonably likely that a sale will not be consummated in accordance with the judgment of foreclosure by market sale entered pursuant to this section, then, subject to the provisions of sections 49-31k to 49-31o, inclusive, (1) the mortgagor may, if eligible, petition for inclusion in the [foreclosure mediation program Ezequiel Santiago Foreclosure Mediation Program set forth in sections 49-31k to 49-31o, inclusive, provided the mortgagor did not substantially contribute to the events leading to such denial or circumstances and, in order to grant such petition, the court shall (A) give consideration to any testimony or affidavits the parties may submit in support of or in opposition to such petition, and (B) find that (i) such petition is not motivated primarily by a desire to delay the entry of a judgment of a foreclosure, and (ii) it is highly probable the parties will reach an agreement through mediation, and (2) the mortgagee shall have the right to request the entry of a judgment of foreclosure in accordance with the other provisions of law, including the provisions governing strict foreclosure.

HB6996 / File No. 962 2

Sec. 3. Section 49-30v of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

If the court does not enter a judgment of loss mitigation, then the modification or conveyance contemplated by the mortgagor and mortgagee under section 49-30q, 49-30r or 49-30s shall not be consummated. Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting a consensual modification of a mortgage or conveyance from being consummated outside of the judicial process. In the event of such nonentry:

- 57 (1) The mortgagor may, if eligible, petition for inclusion in the 58 [foreclosure mediation program] <u>Ezequiel Santiago Foreclosure</u> 59 Mediation Program established pursuant to section 49-31m, as 60 amended by this act, provided the mortgagor did not substantially 61 contribute to the events leading to the nonentry or other circumstances 62 resulting in the nonentry. In determining whether to grant such 63 petition, the court shall give consideration to any testimony or 64 affidavits the parties may submit in support of or in opposition to such 65 petition. The court may grant such petition upon a determination that 66 (A) such petition is not motivated primarily by a desire to delay entry 67 of a judgment of foreclosure, and (B) it is highly probable the parties 68 will reach an agreement through mediation; and
- 69 (2) The mortgagee shall have the right to request the entry of a 70 judgment of foreclosure in accordance with the other provisions of 71 law, including the provisions governing strict foreclosure.
- Sec. 4. Section 49-31*l* of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (a) Prior to July 1, [2019] 2023: (1) Any action for the foreclosure of a mortgage on residential real property with a return date during the period from July 1, 2008, to June 30, 2009, inclusive, shall be subject to the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, and (2) any action for the foreclosure of a mortgage on (A) residential real property with a return date during the period from July 1, 2009, to June 30, [2019] 2023,

HB6996 / File No. 962

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80 inclusive, or (B) real property owned by a religious organization with a

- 81 return date during the period from October 1, 2011, to June 30, [2019]
- 82 <u>2023</u>, inclusive, shall be subject to the provisions of subsection (c) of
- 83 this section.

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prescribes.

- 84 (b) (1) Prior to July 1, [2019] 2023, when a mortgagee commences an 85 action for the foreclosure of a mortgage on residential real property with a return date during the period from July 1, 2008, to June 30, 2009, 86 87 inclusive, the mortgagee shall give notice to the mortgagor of the 88 [foreclosure mediation program] <u>Ezequiel Santiago Foreclosure</u> 89 Mediation Program established [in] pursuant to section 49-31m, as 90 amended by this act, by attaching to the front of the foreclosure 91 complaint that is served on the mortgagor: (A) A copy of the notice of 92 the availability of foreclosure mediation, in such form as the Chief 93 Court Administrator prescribes, and (B) a foreclosure mediation 94 request form, in such form as the Chief Court Administrator
- 96 (2) Except as provided in subdivision (3) of this subsection, a 97 mortgagor may request foreclosure mediation by submitting the 98 foreclosure mediation request form to the court and filing an 99 appearance not more than fifteen days after the return date for the 100 foreclosure action. Upon receipt of the foreclosure mediation request 101 form, the court shall notify each appearing party that a foreclosure 102 mediation request form has been submitted by the mortgagor.
- 103 (3) The court may grant a mortgagor permission to submit a 104 foreclosure mediation request form and file an appearance after the 105 fifteen-day period established in subdivision (2) of this subsection, for 106 good cause shown.
- 107 (4) No foreclosure mediation request form may be submitted to the court under this subsection on or after July 1, [2019] 2023.
- 109 (5) If at any time on or after July 1, 2008, but prior to July 1, [2019] 110 2023, the court determines that the notice requirement of subdivision 111 (1) of this subsection has not been met, the court may, upon its own

motion or upon the written motion of the mortgagor, issue an order that no judgment may enter for fifteen days during which period the mortgagor may submit a foreclosure mediation request form to the court.

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- (6) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes or any rule of law to the contrary, prior to July 1, [2019] 2023, no judgment of strict foreclosure nor any judgment ordering a foreclosure sale shall be entered in any action subject to the provisions of this subsection and instituted by the mortgagee to foreclose a mortgage on residential real property unless: (A) Notice to the mortgagor has been given by the mortgagee in accordance with subdivision (1) of this subsection and the time for submitting a foreclosure mediation request form has expired and no foreclosure mediation request form has been submitted, or if such notice has not been given, the time for submitting a foreclosure mediation request form pursuant to subdivision (2) or (3) of this subsection has expired and no foreclosure mediation request form has been submitted, or (B) the mediation period set forth in subsection (b) of section 49-31n, as amended by this act, has expired or has otherwise terminated, whichever is earlier.
- 131 (7) None of the mortgagor's or mortgagee's rights in the foreclosure 132 action shall be waived by the mortgagor's submission of a foreclosure 133 mediation request form to the court.
- 134 (c) (1) Prior to July 1, [2019] 2023, when a mortgagee commences an 135 action for the foreclosure of a mortgage on residential real property 136 with a return date on or after July 1, 2009, or, with respect to real 137 property owned by a religious organization, a return date on or after 138 October 1, 2011, the mortgagee shall give notice to the mortgagor of 139 the [foreclosure mediation program] Ezequiel Santiago Foreclosure 140 Mediation Program established [in] pursuant to section 49-31m, as amended by this act, by attaching to the front of the writ, summons 141 142 and complaint that is served on the mortgagor: (A) A copy of the notice of foreclosure mediation, in such form as the Chief Court 143 144 Administrator prescribes, (B) a copy of the foreclosure mediation

HB6996 / File No. 962 5

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certificate form described in subdivision (3) of this subsection, in such form as the Chief Court Administrator prescribes, (C) a blank appearance form, in such form as the Chief Court Administrator prescribes, (D) with respect to an action for the foreclosure of a mortgage on residential real property with a return date on or after October 1, 2011, to September 30, 2013, inclusive, a mediation information form and a notice containing contact information for authority-approved consumer credit counseling agencies, which form and notice shall be in such form as the Chief Court Administrator prescribes, and which form shall be designed to elicit current financial information and such other nonfinancial information from the mortgagor as the Chief Court Administrator, in consultation with representatives from the banking industry and consumer advocates, determines will further the objectives of the mediation program. The Chief Court Administrator shall develop a premediation review protocol pursuant to which the mediator shall request that any documents submitted to the mediator for initial review that are incomplete, contain errors or are likely to be found unacceptable by the mortgagee be completed or corrected and that the completed or corrected documents be resubmitted to the mediator for review. Such premediation review, including any recommendations to complete or correct documents, shall not be construed to be the practice of law on behalf of any party to the mediation or the provision of legal advice by the mediator. The instructions to the mediation information form shall explain that the completed mediation information form, along with accompanying documentation reasonably requested from the mortgagor by way of such instructions, shall be delivered to the mortgagee's counsel not later than fifteen business days prior to the date of the initial mediation session, as identified in the notice provided pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection (c) of section 49-31n, as amended by this act, and (E) for an action to foreclose a mortgage on residential real property with a return date on or after October 1, 2013, the mediation information form shall instruct the mortgagor as to the objectives of the mediation program, explain the preliminary process of meeting with the mediator as described in

180 subdivision (4) of this subsection, instruct the mortgagor to begin 181 gathering financial documentation commonly used in foreclosure 182 mediation for use in meeting with the mediator and in mediation, and 183 include a notice containing contact information for authority-approved 184 consumer counseling agencies, which shall be in such form as the 185 Chief Court Administrator prescribes. The content of the mediation 186 information form shall be designed by the Chief Court Administrator 187 in consultation with representatives from the banking industry and 188 consumer advocates.

(2) The court shall issue a notice of foreclosure mediation described in subdivision (3) of this subsection to the mortgagor not later than the date three business days after the date the mortgagee returns the writ to the court.

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(3) The notice of foreclosure mediation shall instruct the mortgagor to file the appearance and foreclosure mediation certificate forms with the court not later than the date fifteen days from the return date for the foreclosure action. With respect to actions with a return date during the period from October 1, 2011, to September 30, 2013, inclusive, such notice shall remind the mortgagor to deliver the completed mediation information form and the accompanying documentation described in subdivision (1) of this subsection and encourage such delivery in advance of the required date. With respect to actions with a return date during the period from October 1, 2013, to June 30, [2019] 2023, inclusive, such notice shall instruct the mortgagor to begin gathering financial information commonly used in foreclosure mediation for use in meeting with the mediator and in mediation. The mediation information form and accompanying documentation shall not, without the explicit written instruction of the mortgagor, be publicly available. Such notice of foreclosure mediation shall be accompanied by materials from the Department of Banking, as prescribed by the Chief Court Administrator, which shall describe the community-based resources available to the mortgagor, including authority-approved housing counseling agencies that may assist with preparation for mediation and application for mortgage assistance

HB6996 / File No. 962 7

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programs. The foreclosure mediation certificate form shall require the mortgagor to provide sufficient information to permit the court to confirm that the defendant in the foreclosure action is a mortgagor, and to certify that said mortgagor has sent a copy of the mediation certificate form to the plaintiff in the action. With respect to actions with a return date on or after October 1, 2015, in order to ensure that all necessary consents to the disclosure of nonpublic personal financial information have been provided to the mortgagee, such that a spouse may be considered a permitted successor-in-interest, the court shall confirm that the foreclosure mediation certificate submitted by (A) the spouse or former spouse provides consent to the full disclosure by the mortgagee of such spouse's or former spouse's nonpublic personal financial information to any other person who is obligated as a borrower on the note, to the extent the mortgagee has such information, and (B) any other person who is a mortgagor provides consent to the full disclosure by the mortgagee of such person's nonpublic personal financial information to such spouse or former spouse, to the extent the mortgagee has such information. If a foreclosure mediation certificate is not submitted by a mortgagor, other than a spouse or former spouse claiming to be a permitted successor-in-interest, the court shall confirm, in lieu of the requirements of subparagraph (B) of this subdivision, that the foreclosure mediation certificate submitted by the spouse or former spouse contains a statement, signed by the spouse or former spouse, certifying that all persons who are obligated on the note have otherwise given documentation to the mortgagee which allows for the full disclosure by the mortgagee of such person's nonpublic personal information to the spouse or former spouse, to the extent the mortgagee has such information. Such a certification may be rebutted conclusively by the mortgagee if the mortgagee submits a written statement to the court in which the mortgagee certifies that, based upon reasonable belief, the mortgagee does not possess such documentation.

247 (4) Upon receipt of the mortgagor's appearance and foreclosure

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mediation certificate forms, and provided the court confirms the defendant in the foreclosure action is a mortgagor and that said mortgagor has sent a copy of the mediation certificate form to the plaintiff, the court shall assign the case to mediation and issue notice of such assignment to all appearing parties, which notice shall include an electronic mail address for all communications related to the mediation. The court shall issue such notice not earlier than the date five business days after the return date or by the date three business days after the date on which the court receives the mortgagor's appearance and foreclosure mediation certificate forms, whichever is later, except that if the court does not receive the appearance and foreclosure mediation certificate forms from the mortgagor by the date fifteen days after the return date for the foreclosure action, the court shall not assign the case to mediation. Promptly upon receipt of the notice of assignment, but not later than the thirty-fifth day following the return date, the mortgagee or its counsel shall deliver to the mediator, via the electronic mail address provided for communications related to the mediation, and to the mortgagor, via first class, priority or overnight mail, (A) an account history identifying all credits and debits assessed to the loan account and any related escrow account in the immediately preceding twelve-month period and an itemized statement of the amount required to reinstate the mortgage loan with accompanying information, written in plain language, to explain any codes used in the history and statement which are not otherwise selfexplanatory, (B) the name, business mailing address, electronic mail address, facsimile number and direct telephone number of an individual able to respond with reasonable adequacy and promptness to questions relative to the information submitted to the mediator pursuant to this subdivision, and any subsequent updates to such contact information, which shall be provided reasonably promptly to the mediator via the electronic mail address provided for communication related to the mediation, (C) current versions of all reasonably necessary forms and a list of all documentation reasonably necessary for the mortgagee to evaluate the mortgagor for common alternatives to foreclosure that are available through the mortgagee, if

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any, (D) a copy of the note and mortgage, including any agreements modifying such documents, (E) summary information regarding the status of any pending foreclosure avoidance efforts being undertaken by the mortgagee, (F) a copy of any loss mitigation affidavit filed with the court, and (G) at the mortgagee's option, (i) the history of foreclosure avoidance efforts with respect to the mortgagor, (ii) information regarding the condition of mortgaged property, and (iii) such other information as the mortgagee may determine is relevant to meeting the objectives of the mediation program. Following the mediator's receipt of such information, the court shall assign a mediator to the mediation and schedule a meeting with the mediator and all mortgagors who are relevant and necessary to the mediation and to any agreement being contemplated in connection with the mediation and shall endeavor to hold such meeting on or prior to the forty-ninth day following the return date. The notice of such meeting shall instruct the mortgagor to complete the forms prior to the meeting and to furnish such forms together with the documentation contained in the list, as provided by the mortgagee following the filing of the foreclosure mediation certificate, at the meeting. At such meeting, the mediator shall review such forms and documentation with the mortgagor, along with the information supplied by the mortgagee, in order to discuss the options that may be available to the mortgagor, including any community-based resources, and assist the mortgagor in completing the forms and furnishing the documentation necessary for the mortgagee to evaluate the mortgagor for alternatives to foreclosure. The mediator may elect to schedule subsequent meetings with the mortgagor and determine whether any mortgagor may be excused from an in-person appearance at such subsequent meeting. The mediator may excuse any mortgagor from attending such meeting or any subsequent meetings, provided the mortgagor shows good cause for nonattendance. Such good cause may include, but is not limited to, the mortgagor no longer owning the home pursuant to a judgment of marital dissolution and related transfer via deed, or no longer residing in the home and not being a necessary party to any agreement being contemplated in connection with the mediation. As

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soon as practicable, but in no case later than the eighty-fourth day following the return date, or the extended deadline if such an extended deadline is established pursuant to this subdivision, the mediator shall facilitate and confirm the submission by the mortgagor of the forms and documentation to the mortgagee's counsel via electronic means and, at the mortgagee's election, directly to the mortgagee per the mortgagee's instruction, and determine, based on the participating mortgagor's attendance at the meetings and the extent the mortgagor completed the forms and furnished the documentation contemplated in this subdivision, or failed to perform such tasks through no material fault of the mortgagee, and file a report with the court indicating, (I) whether mediation shall be scheduled with the mortgagee, (II) whether the mortgagor attended scheduled meetings with the mediator, (III) whether the mortgagor fully or substantially completed the forms and furnished the documentation requested by the mortgagee, (IV) the date on which the mortgagee supplied the forms and documentation, and (V) any other information the mediator determines to be relevant to the objectives of the mediation program. The mediator may file, and the court may grant, a motion for extension of the premediation period beyond the eighty-fourth day following the return date if good cause can be shown for such an extension. Any such motion shall be filed, with a copy simultaneously sent to the mortgagee and as soon as practicable to the mortgagor, not later than the eighty-fourth day following the return date. The mortgagee and mortgagor shall each have five business days from the day the motion was filed to file an objection or supplemental papers, and the court shall issue its ruling, without a hearing, not later than ten business days from the date the motion was filed. If the court determines that good cause exists for an extension, the court shall therewith establish an extended deadline so that the premediation period shall end as soon thereafter as may be practicable, but not later than thirty-five days from the date of the ruling, taking into account the complexity of the mortgagor's financial circumstances, the mortgagee's documentation requirements, and the timeliness of the mortgagee's and mortgagor's compliance with their respective premediation obligations. If the court denies the mediator's

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motion, the extended deadline for purposes of this subdivision shall be three days after the court rules on the motion. No meeting or communication between the mediator and mortgagor under this subdivision shall be treated as an impermissible ex parte communication. If the mediator determines that the mortgagee shall participate in mediation, the court shall promptly issue notice to all parties of such determination and schedule a mediation session between the mortgagee and all mortgagors who are relevant and necessary to the mediation and to any agreement being contemplated in connection with the mediation, in accordance with subsection (c) of section 49-31n, as amended by this act, to be held not later than five weeks following the submission to the mortgagee of the forms and documentation contemplated in this subdivision. The mediator may excuse any mortgagor from attending the mediation session or subsequent meetings, provided good cause shown nonattendance. Such good cause may include, but is not limited to, the mortgagor no longer owning the home pursuant to a judgment of marital dissolution and related transfer via deed, no longer residing in the home or not being a necessary party to any agreement being contemplated in connection with the mediation. If the mediator determines that no sessions between the mortgagee and mortgagor shall be scheduled, the court shall promptly issue notice to all parties regarding such determination and mediation shall be terminated. Any mortgagor wishing to contest such determination shall petition the court and show good cause for reinclusion in the mediation program, including, but not limited to, a material change in financial circumstances or a mistake or misunderstanding of the facts by the mediator.

(5) Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, the court may refer a foreclosure action brought by a mortgagee to the [foreclosure mediation program] Ezequiel Santiago Foreclosure Mediation Program established pursuant to section 49-31m, as amended by this act, at any time, for good cause shown, provided the mortgagor has filed an appearance in said action and further provided the court shall, not

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later than the date three business days after the date on which it makes such referral, send a notice to each appearing party assigning the case to mediation and requiring the parties to participate in the premediation process described in subdivision (4) of this subsection, with the court establishing deadlines to ensure that the premediation process is to be completed by the parties as expeditiously as the circumstances warrant and permit. When determining whether good cause exists, the court shall consider whether the parties are likely to benefit from mediation and, in the case of a referral after prior attempts at mediation have been terminated, whether there has been a material change in circumstances.

(6) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes or any rule of law, prior to July 1, [2019] 2023, (A) for the period of time which shall not exceed eight months from the return date, the mortgagor shall be permitted to file an answer, special defenses or counterclaims, but no mortgagee or mortgagor shall make any motion, request or demand with respect to the other, except those motions, requests or demands that relate to the mediation program described in section 49-31m, as amended by this act, and the mediation sessions held pursuant to such program, provided (i) a mortgagor seeking to contest the court's jurisdiction may file a motion to dismiss and the mortgagee may object to such motion to dismiss in accordance with applicable law and the rules of the courts, and (ii) if the mortgagor elects to make any other motion, request or demand with respect to the mortgagee, the eight-month limit shall no longer apply to either party; and (B) no judgment of strict foreclosure nor any judgment ordering a foreclosure sale shall be entered in any action subject to the provisions of this subsection and instituted by the mortgagee to foreclose a mortgage on residential real property or real property owned by a religious organization unless: (i) The mediation period set forth in subsection (c) of section 49-31n, as amended by this act, has expired or has otherwise terminated, whichever is earlier, and, if fewer than eight months has elapsed from the return date at the time of termination, fifteen days have elapsed since such termination and any pending motion or

421 request to extend the mediation period has been heard and denied by 422 the court, or (ii) the mediation program is not otherwise required or 423 available. Nothing in this subdivision shall affect any motion made or 424 any default or judgment entered on or before June 30, 2011.

- 425 (7) With respect to foreclosure actions with a return date during the 426 period from July 1, 2011, to June 30, [2019] 2023, inclusive, 427 notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes or any rule of 428 law to the contrary, the mortgagee shall be permitted following the 429 eight-month or fifteen-day period described in subdivision (6) of this 430 subsection, to simultaneously file, as applicable, (A) a motion for 431 default, and (B) a motion for judgment of strict foreclosure or a motion 432 for judgment of foreclosure by sale with respect to the mortgagor in 433 the foreclosure action.
- 434 (8) None of the mortgagor's or mortgagee's rights in the foreclosure 435 action shall be waived by participation in the [foreclosure mediation 436 program Ezequiel Santiago Foreclosure Mediation Program.
- 437 Sec. 5. Section 49-31m of the general statutes is repealed and the 438 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

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439 The Chief Court Administrator shall establish in each judicial 440 district a foreclosure mediation program in actions to foreclose mortgages on residential real property or real property owned by a 442 religious organization. On and after the effective date of this section, such program shall be known as the "Ezequiel Santiago Foreclosure" Mediation Program". Such foreclosure mediation shall (1) address all issues of foreclosure, including, but not limited to, reinstatement of the mortgage, disposition of the property through means other than the 447 foreclosure process, including short sales and deeds in lieu of foreclosure, assignment of law days, assignment of sale date, 449 restructuring of the mortgage debt and foreclosure by decree of sale, 450 and (2) be conducted by foreclosure mediators who (A) have a duty to be unbiased and are employed by the Judicial Branch, (B) are trained in mediation and all relevant aspects of the law, as determined by the

Chief Court Administrator, (C) have knowledge of the community-based resources that are available in the judicial district in which they serve, and (D) have knowledge of the mortgage assistance programs. Such mediators may refer mortgagors who participate in the [foreclosure mediation program] <u>Ezequiel Santiago Foreclosure</u>
Mediation Program to community-based resources when appropriate

- and to the mortgage assistance programs. Such mediators shall not
- 460 give legal advice to any party in mediation.

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- Sec. 6. Section 49-31n of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 463 (a) Prior to July 1, [2019] 2023: (1) Any action for the foreclosure of a 464 mortgage on residential real property with a return date during the 465 period from July 1, 2008, to June 30, 2009, inclusive, shall be subject to 466 the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, and (2) any action for 467 the foreclosure of a mortgage on (A) residential real property with a 468 return date during the period from July 1, 2009, to June 30, [2019] 2023, 469 inclusive, or (B) real property owned by a religious organization with a 470 return date during the period from October 1, 2011, to June 30, [2019] 471 2023, inclusive, shall be subject to the provisions of subsection (c) of 472 this section.
  - (b) (1) For any action for the foreclosure of a mortgage on residential real property with a return date during the period from July 1, 2008, to June 30, 2009, inclusive, the mediation period under the [foreclosure mediation program] Ezequiel Santiago Foreclosure Mediation Program established [in] pursuant to section 49-31m, as amended by this act, shall commence when the court sends notice to each appearing party that a foreclosure mediation request form has been submitted by a mortgagor to the court, which notice shall be sent not later than three business days after the court receives a completed foreclosure mediation request form. The mediation period shall conclude not later than the conclusion of the third mediation session between the mortgagor and mortgagee or seven months after the return date, whichever is earlier, except that the court may, in its discretion, for

good cause shown, upon the motion of any party or the mediator, extend the mediation period subject to the provisions of subdivision (9) of this subsection or shorten the mediation period.

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(2) The first mediation session shall be held not later than fifteen business days after the court sends notice to all parties that a foreclosure mediation request form has been submitted to the court. The mortgagor and mortgagee shall appear in person at each mediation session and shall have the ability to mediate, except that (A) if a party is represented by counsel, the party's counsel may appear in lieu of the party to represent the party's interests at the mediation, provided the party has the ability to mediate, and the party is available (i) during the mediation session by telephone, and (ii) to participate in the mediation session by speakerphone, provided an opportunity is afforded for confidential discussions between the party and party's counsel, (B) following the initial mediation session, if there are two or more mortgagors who are self-represented, only one mortgagor shall be required to appear in person at each subsequent mediation session unless good cause is shown, provided the other mortgagors are available (i) during the mediation session, and (ii) to participate in the mediation session by speakerphone, (C) if a party suffers from a disability or other significant hardship that imposes an undue burden on such party to appear in person, the mediator may grant permission to such party to participate in the mediation session by telephone, and (D) a mortgagor may be excused from appearing at the mediation session if good cause is shown that the presence of such mortgagor is not needed to further the interests of mediation. Such good cause may include, but is not limited to, the mortgagor no longer owning the home pursuant to a judgment of marital dissolution and related transfer via deed, no longer residing in the home or not being a necessary party to any agreement being contemplated in connection with the mediation. A mortgagor's spouse, who is not a mortgagor but who lives in the subject property, may appear at each mediation session, provided all appearing mortgagors consent, in writing, to such spouse's appearance or such spouse shows good cause for his or her

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appearance and the mortgagors consent in writing to the disclosure of nonpublic personal information to such spouse. If the mortgagor has submitted a complete package of financial documentation in connection with a request for a particular foreclosure alternative, the mortgagee shall have thirty-five days from the receipt of the completed package to respond with a decision and, if the decision is a denial of the request, provide the reasons for such denial. If the mortgagor has, in connection with a request for a foreclosure alternative, submitted a financial package that is not complete, or if the mortgagee's evaluation of a complete package reveals that additional information is necessary to underwrite the request, the mortgagee shall request the missing or additional information within a reasonable period of time of such evaluation. If the mortgagee's evaluation of a complete package reveals that additional information is necessary to underwrite the request, the thirty-five-day deadline for a response shall be extended but only for so long as is reasonable given the timing of the mortgagor's submission of such additional information and the nature and context of the required underwriting. Not later than the third business day after each mediation session held on or after June 18, 2013, the mediator shall file with the court a report indicating, to the extent applicable, (i) the extent to which each of the parties complied with the requirements set forth in this subdivision, including the requirement to engage in conduct that is consistent with the objectives of the mediation program and to possess the ability to mediate, (ii) whether the mortgagor submitted a complete package of financial documentation to the mortgagee, (iii) a general description of the foreclosure alternative being requested by the mortgagor, (iv) whether the mortgagor has previously been evaluated for similar requests, whether prior to mediation or in mediation, and, if so, whether there has been any apparent change in circumstances since a decision was made with respect to that prior evaluation, (v) whether the mortgagee has responded to the mortgagor's request for a foreclosure alternative and, if so, a description of the response and whether the mediator is aware of any material reason not to agree with the response, (vi) whether the mortgagor has responded to an offer made by the mortgagee on a

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reasonably timely basis, and if so, an explanation of the response, (vii) whether the mortgagee has requested additional information from the mortgagor and, if so, the stated reasons for the request and the date by which such additional information shall be submitted so that information previously submitted by the mortgagor, to the extent possible, may still be used by the mortgagee in conducting its review, (viii) whether the mortgagor has supplied, on a reasonably timely basis, any additional information that was reasonably requested by the mortgagee, and, if not, the stated reason for not doing so, (ix) if information provided by the mortgagor is no longer current for purposes of evaluating a foreclosure alternative, a description of the out-of-date information and an explanation as to how and why such information is no longer current, (x) whether the mortgagee has provided a reasonable explanation of the basis for a decision to deny a request for a loss mitigation option or foreclosure alternative and whether the mediator is aware of any material reason not to agree with that decision, (xi) whether the mortgagee has complied with the time frames set forth in this subdivision for responding to requests for decisions, (xii) if a subsequent mediation session is expected to occur, a general description of the expectations for such subsequent session and for the parties prior to such subsequent session and, if not otherwise addressed in the report, whether the parties satisfied the expectations set forth in previous reports, and (xiii) a determination of whether the parties will benefit from further mediation. The mediator shall deliver a copy of such report to each party to the mediation when the mediator files the report. The parties shall have the opportunity to submit their own supplemental information following the filing of the report, provided such supplemental information shall be submitted not later than five business days following the receipt of the mediator's report. Any request by the mortgagee to the mortgagor for additional or updated financial documentation shall be made in writing. The court may impose sanctions on any party or on counsel to a party if such party or such counsel engages in intentional or a pattern or practice of conduct during the mediation process that is contrary to the objectives of the mediation program. Any sanction that is imposed

590 shall be proportional to the conduct and consistent with the objectives 591 of the mediation program. Available sanctions shall include, but not be 592 limited to, terminating mediation, ordering the mortgagor or 593 mortgagee to mediate in person, forbidding the mortgagee from 594 charging the mortgagor for the mortgagee's attorney's fees, awarding 595 attorney's fees, and imposing fines. In the case of egregious 596 misconduct, the sanctions shall be heightened. The court shall not 597 award attorney's fees to any mortgagee for time spent in any 598 mediation session if the court finds that such mortgagee has failed to 599 comply with this subdivision, unless the court finds reasonable cause 600 for such failure.

(3) If the mediator reports to the court that the parties will not benefit from further mediation, the mediation period shall terminate automatically. If the mediator reports to the court after the first or second mediation session that the parties may benefit from further mediation, the mediation period shall continue.

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- 606 (4) If the mediation period concludes and certain issues have not 607 been resolved pursuant to the mediation, the mediator may refer the 608 mortgagor to any appropriate community-based services that are 609 available.
- (5) The Chief Court Administrator shall establish policies and procedures to implement this subsection. Such policies and procedures shall, at a minimum, provide that the mediator shall advise the mortgagor at the first meeting required by subdivision (4) of subsection (c) of section 49-31*l*, as amended by this act, that a judgment of strict foreclosure or foreclosure by sale may cause the mortgagor to lose the residential real property to foreclosure.
- 617 (6) In no event shall any determination issued by a mediator under 618 this program form the basis of an appeal of any foreclosure judgment.
- (7) Foreclosure mediation request forms shall not be accepted by the court under this subsection on or after July 1, [2019] 2023, and the [foreclosure mediation program] Ezequiel Santiago Foreclosure

622 Mediation Program shall terminate when all mediation has concluded

- with respect to any applications submitted to the court prior to July 1,
- 624 [2019] <u>2023</u>.

satisfied.

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- (8) At any time during the mediation period, the mediator may refer a mortgagor who is the owner-occupant of one-to-four family residential real property to the mortgage assistance programs, except that any such referral shall not prevent a mortgagee from proceeding to judgment when the conditions specified in subdivision (6) of subsection (b) of section 49-31*l*, as amended by this act, have been
- 632 (9) (A) The mediation period shall conclude following the third 633 mediation session or if more than seven months have elapsed since the 634 return date. Not later than fifteen days following the conclusion of the 635 mediation period, and any extended mediation sessions held in 636 accordance with this subdivision, any party may move for, or the 637 mediator may request, an extension of the mediation period. The court 638 shall grant only one additional mediation session per motion or 639 request upon a finding that it is highly probable the parties will reach 640 an agreement through mediation. The court may also grant one 641 additional mediation session per motion or request upon a finding that 642 any party has engaged, either intentionally or by a pattern or practice, 643 in conduct that is contrary to the objectives of the mediation program. 644 The court shall make its ruling not later than twenty days after the 645 filing of such motion or request, and no judgment of strict foreclosure 646 or any judgment ordering a foreclosure sale shall be entered until (i) 647 the court denies the motion or request, or (ii) the conclusion of the 648 extended mediation session, except as provided in subparagraph (B) of 649 this subdivision. Upon the grant of an additional mediation session 650 following the proper finding, the court shall establish an expeditious 651 deadline for such extended mediation session to occur. Such extended 652 mediation period shall conclude following such extended mediation 653 session.
- (B) The mediation period may be extended for one additional

HB6996 / File No. 962 20

655 mediation session without a hearing held pursuant to this subdivision 656 provided all parties to the mediation agree that such parties would 657 benefit from such a session and, in consultation with the mediator, 658 establish an expeditious deadline for such session to take place.

- (C) To determine whether to extend mediation, the court may consider all matters that have arisen in the mediation, including, but not limited to, the number of motions to extend mediation, the reasons for which an agreement has not been reached, the objectives of the mediation program, the extent to which the parties will benefit from further mediation, the reports submitted by the mediator, papers submitted in connection with any motion, and any supplemental reports submitted by a party. The court shall articulate its reasons in the order granting or denying any such motion or request to extend mediation.
- (10) For any case pending as of October 1, 2013, in which mediation is ongoing, (A) if three or fewer sessions have been held, such case shall be treated as if no sessions have been held as of said date for purposes of subdivision (9) of this subsection, and (B) if four or more sessions have been held, then any party or the mediator may move to terminate the mediation period or extend such period in accordance with subdivision (9) of this subsection and, if no such motion to extend is made, the mediation period shall conclude after the third mediation session occurring after October 1, 2013.
- (c) (1) For any action for the foreclosure of a mortgage on residential real property with a return date during the period from July 1, 2009, to June 30, [2019] 2023, inclusive, or for any action for the foreclosure of a mortgage on real property owned by a religious organization with a return date during the period from October 1, 2011, to June 30, [2019] 2023, inclusive, the mediation period under the [foreclosure mediation program] Ezequiel Santiago Foreclosure Mediation Program established [in] pursuant to section 49-31m, as amended by this act, shall commence when the court sends notice to each appearing party scheduling the first foreclosure mediation session. The mediation

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period shall conclude not later than the conclusion of the third mediation session between the mortgagor and mortgagee or seven months after the return date, whichever is earlier, except that the court may, in its discretion, for good cause shown, upon the motion of any party or request by the mediator, extend the mediation period subject to the provisions of subdivision (9) of this subsection or shorten the mediation period.

(2) The mortgagor and mortgagee shall appear in person at each mediation session and shall have the ability to mediate, except that (A) if a party is represented by counsel, the party's counsel may appear in lieu of the party to represent the party's interests at the mediation, provided the party has the ability to mediate and the party is available (i) during the mediation session by telephone, and (ii) to participate in the mediation session by speakerphone, provided an opportunity is afforded for confidential discussions between the party and party's counsel, (B) following the initial mediation session, if there are two or more mortgagors who are self-represented, only one mortgagor shall be required to appear in person at each subsequent mediation session unless good cause is shown, provided the other mortgagors are available (i) during the mediation session, and (ii) to participate in the mediation session by speakerphone, (C) if a party suffers from a disability or other significant hardship that imposes an undue burden on such party to appear in person, the mediator may grant permission to such party to participate in the mediation session by telephone, and (D) a mortgagor may be excused from appearing at the mediation session if cause is shown that the presence of such mortgagor is not needed to further the interests of mediation. Such cause may include, but is not limited to, the mortgagor no longer owning the home pursuant to a judgment of marital dissolution and related transfer via deed or no longer residing in the home or not being a necessary party to any agreement being contemplated in connection with the mediation. A mortgagor's spouse, who is not a mortgagor but who lives in the subject property, may appear at each mediation session, provided all appearing mortgagors consent, in writing, to such

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spouse's appearance or such spouse shows good cause for his or her appearance and the mortgagors consent, in writing, to the disclosure of nonpublic personal information to such spouse. If the mortgagor has submitted a complete package of financial documentation in connection with a request for a particular foreclosure alternative, the mortgagee shall have thirty-five days from the receipt of the completed package to respond with a decision and, if the decision is a denial of the request, provide the reasons for such denial. If the mortgagor has, in connection with a request for a foreclosure alternative, submitted a financial package that is not complete, or if the mortgagee's evaluation of a complete package reveals that additional information is necessary to underwrite the request, the mortgagee shall request the missing or additional information within a reasonable period of time of such evaluation. If the mortgagee's evaluation of a complete package reveals that additional information is necessary to underwrite the request, the thirty-five-day deadline for a response shall be extended but only for so long as is reasonable given the timing of the mortgagor's submission of such additional information and the nature and context of the required underwriting. Not later than the third business day after each mediation session, the mediator shall file with the court a report indicating, to the extent applicable, (i) the extent to which each of the parties complied with the requirements set forth in this subdivision, including the requirement to engage in conduct that is consistent with the objectives of the mediation program and to possess the ability to mediate, (ii) whether the mortgagor submitted a complete package of financial documentation to the mortgagee, (iii) a general description of the foreclosure alternative being requested by the mortgagor, (iv) whether the mortgagor has previously been evaluated for similar requests, whether prior to mediation or in mediation, and, if so, whether there has been any apparent change in circumstances since a decision was made with respect to that prior evaluation, (v) whether the mortgagee has responded to the mortgagor's request for a foreclosure alternative and, if so, a description of the response and whether the mediator is aware of any material reason not to agree with the response, (vi) whether the mortgagor has responded to an offer

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made by the mortgagee on a reasonably timely basis, and if so, an explanation of the response, (vii) whether the mortgagee has requested additional information from the mortgagor and, if so, the stated reasons for the request and the date by which such additional information shall be submitted so that information previously submitted by the mortgagor, to the extent possible, may still be used by the mortgagee in conducting its review, (viii) whether the mortgagor has supplied, on a reasonably timely basis, any additional information that was reasonably requested by the mortgagee, and, if not, the stated reason for not doing so, (ix) if information provided by the mortgagor is no longer current for purposes of evaluating a foreclosure alternative, a description of the out-of-date information and an explanation as to how and why such information is no longer current, (x) whether the mortgagee has provided a reasonable explanation of the basis for a decision to deny a request for a loss mitigation option or foreclosure alternative and whether the mediator is aware of any material reason not to agree with that decision, (xi) whether the mortgagee has complied with the time frames set forth in this subdivision for responding to requests for decisions, (xii) if a subsequent mediation session is expected to occur, a general description of the expectations for such subsequent session and for the parties prior to such subsequent session and, if not otherwise addressed in the report, whether the parties satisfied the expectations set forth in previous reports, and (xiii) a determination of whether the parties will benefit from further mediation. The mediator shall deliver a copy of such report to each party to the mediation when the mediator files the report. The parties shall have the opportunity to submit their own supplemental information following the filing of the report, provided such supplemental information shall be submitted not later than five business days following the receipt of the mediator's report. Any request by the mortgagee to the mortgagor for additional or updated financial documentation shall be made in writing. The court may impose sanctions on any party or on counsel to a party if such party or such counsel engages in intentional or a pattern or practice of conduct during the mediation process that is contrary to the objectives

of the mediation program. Any sanction that is imposed shall be proportional to the conduct and consistent with the objectives of the mediation program. Available sanctions shall include, but not be limited to, terminating mediation, ordering the mortgager or mortgagee to mediate in person, forbidding the mortgagee from charging the mortgagor for the mortgagee's attorney's fees, awarding attorney's fees, and imposing fines. In the case of egregious misconduct, the sanctions shall be heightened. The court shall not award attorney's fees to any mortgagee for time spent in any mediation session if the court finds that such mortgagee has failed to comply with this subdivision, unless the court finds reasonable cause for such failure.

- (3) If the mediator reports to the court that the parties will not benefit from further mediation, the mediation period shall terminate automatically. If the mediator reports to the court after the first or second mediation session that the parties may benefit from further mediation, the mediation period shall continue.
- (4) If the mediation period concludes and certain issues have not been resolved pursuant to the mediation, the mediator may refer the mortgagor to any appropriate community-based services that are available in the judicial district, but any such referral shall not cause a delay in the mediation process.
- (5) The Chief Court Administrator shall establish policies and procedures to implement this subsection. Such policies and procedures shall, at a minimum, provide that the mediator shall advise the mortgagor at the first meeting required by subdivision (4) of subsection (c) of section 49-31*l*, as amended by this act, that: (A) Such mediation does not suspend the mortgagor's obligation to respond to the foreclosure action beyond the limited time frame described in subdivision (6) of subsection (c) of section 49-31*l*, as amended by this act; and (B) a judgment of strict foreclosure or foreclosure by sale may cause the mortgagor to lose the residential real property or real property owned by a religious organization to foreclosure.

(6) In no event shall any determination issued by a mediator under this program form the basis of an appeal of any foreclosure judgment.

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- (7) The foreclosure mediation program shall terminate when all mediation has concluded with respect to any foreclosure action with a return date during the period from July 1, 2009, to June 30, [2019] 2023, inclusive.
- (8) At any time during the mediation period, the mediator may refer a mortgagor who is the owner-occupant of one-to-four family residential real property to the mortgage assistance programs, except that any such referral shall not prevent a mortgagee from proceeding to judgment when the conditions specified in subdivision (6) of subsection (c) of section 49-31*l*, as amended by this act, have been satisfied.
  - (9) (A) The mediation period shall conclude following the third mediation session or if more than seven months have elapsed since the return date. Not later than fifteen days following the conclusion of the mediation period, and any subsequent extended mediation sessions held in accordance with this subdivision, any party may move for, or the mediator may request, an extension of the mediation period. The court shall grant only one additional mediation session per motion or request upon a finding that it is highly probable the parties will reach an agreement through mediation. The court may also grant one additional mediation session per motion or request upon a finding that any party has engaged, either intentionally or by a pattern or practice, in conduct that is contrary to the objectives of the mediation program. The court shall make its ruling not later than twenty days after the filing of such motion or request, and no judgment of strict foreclosure or any judgment ordering a foreclosure sale shall be entered until (i) the court denies the motion or request, or (ii) the conclusion of the subsequent extended mediation session, except as provided in subparagraph (B) of this subdivision. Upon the grant of an additional mediation session following the proper finding, the court shall establish a reasonably expeditious deadline for such subsequent

HB6996 / File No. 962 26

extended mediation session to occur. Such extended mediation period shall conclude following such subsequent extended mediation session.

- (B) The mediation period may be extended for one additional mediation session without a hearing held pursuant to this subdivision provided all parties to the mediation agree that such parties would benefit from such a session and, in consultation with the mediator, establish a reasonably expeditious deadline for such session to take place.
- (C) To determine whether to extend mediation, the court may consider all matters that have arisen in the mediation, including, but not limited to, the number of motions to extend mediation, the reasons for which an agreement has not been reached, the objectives of the mediation program, the extent to which the parties will benefit from further mediation, the reports submitted by the mediator, papers submitted in connection with any motion, and any supplemental reports submitted by a party. The court shall articulate its reasons in the order granting or denying any such motion or request to extend mediation.
- (10) For any case pending as of October 1, 2013, in which mediation is ongoing, (A) if three or fewer sessions have been held, such case shall be treated as if no sessions have been held as of said date for purposes of subdivision (9) of this subsection, and (B) if four or more sessions have been held, then any party or the mediator may move to terminate the mediation period or extend such period in accordance with subdivision (9) of this subsection and, if no such motion to extend is made, the mediation period shall conclude after the third mediation session occurring after October 1, 2013.
- (d) (1) Not later than February 14, 2014, the Chief Court Administrator shall submit, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a, to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to banking, a summary regarding the mediation program and a general summary of the data

HB6996 / File No. 962 27

collected in the reports submitted pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsections (b) and (c) of this section from July 1, 2013, to December 31, 2013, inclusive. Such summaries shall include, but not be limited to, the aggregate data regarding the number of cases in mediation, the number of mediation sessions held, the number of agreements reached before the conclusion of the mediation period, the number of motions or requests for an extension or continuance and the identity of the party that made such a motion or request, whether the loan at issue was serviced by a third party, the judicial district in which the mediation took place and whether the mortgagor was self-represented.

- (2) Not later than March 1, [2016, and by March first each year thereafter until] 2021, and March 1, [2019, inclusive] 2023, the Chief Court Administrator shall submit, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a, to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to banking, a summary of the reports submitted from July 1, 2013, to December thirty-first of the immediately preceding year, inclusive, pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsections (b) and (c) of this section. The detailed data points for such summary, including data to be collected but not reported, shall be developed by the Chief Court Administrator in consultation with representatives from the Governor's office, the Department of Banking, the banking industry and consumer advocates.
- 912 Sec. 7. Section 49-31v of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- The [foreclosure mediation program] <u>Ezequiel Santiago Foreclosure</u>
  Mediation <u>Program</u> established pursuant to section 49-31m, as
  amended by this act, shall be funded within available appropriations
  and available until June 30, [2019] <u>2023</u>. The size of such program shall
  be determined by available funding and the number and need of
  participants in such program.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:

Section 1 from passage 8-265cc(9)

Section 1	from passage	8-265cc(9)	
Sec. 2	from passage	49-24f	
Sec. 3	from passage	49-30v	
Sec. 4	from passage	49-31 <i>l</i>	
Sec. 5	from passage	49-31m	
Sec. 6	from passage	49-31n	
Sec. 7	from passage	49-31v	

The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.

#### **OFA Fiscal Note**

#### State Impact:

Agency Affected	Fund-Effect	FY 20 \$	FY 21 \$
Judicial Dept.	BF - Cost	1.9 million	2.0 million

Note: BF=Banking Fund

#### Municipal Impact: None

#### Explanation

The bill extends the Foreclosure Mediation Program through FY 23 and results in a cost of \$1.9 million in FY 20 and \$2 million in FY 21 to the Judicial Department (Banking Fund). Funding includes the salary and fringe benefits for 10 mediators. Currently the program is scheduled to sunset on June 30, 2019.

House "A" changes a reporting requirement from annually to biannually and renames the program and does not result in a fiscal impact.

#### The Out Years

The annualized ongoing fiscal impact identified above would continue until FY 23.

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#### OLR Bill Analysis

HB 6996 (as amended by House "A")\*

## AN ACT EXTENDING THE FORECLOSURE MEDIATION PROGRAM.

#### SUMMARY

This bill extends the state's foreclosure mediation program for four years, until July 1, 2023, at which time the court may not accept new mediation requests. By law, the program terminates when the mediation of all timely submitted requests concludes. Under current law, the court may not accept mediation requests on or after July 1, 2019. The bill also designates the program the "Ezequiel Santiago Foreclosure Mediation Program."

The bill decreases the frequency of reports by the chief court administrator of program data. Current law requires the chief court administrator to annually report to the Banking Committee, until March 1, 2019, a summary report of the mediation program, including program data. Under the bill's program extension, the same report must instead be submitted on a biennial basis, by March 1, 2021, and March 1, 2023, respectively.

The state's foreclosure mediation program is available to (1) owner-occupants of a one- to four-family residential real property who use it as their primary residence and (2) religious organizations. The property must be located in Connecticut, and the owner-occupant must be either the borrower under a mortgage on the property or a permitted successor-in-interest (i.e., someone who, among other things, has title to the property due to certain events such as divorce or the borrower's death).

The mediation program brings together judicial branch mediators;

lenders; and borrowers or owner-occupants, as applicable. If an eligible borrower or owner-occupant files an appearance and requests mediation, the lender must participate.

\*House Amendment "A" (1) decreases the frequency of reporting program data by the chief court administrator and (2) names the program after Ezequiel Santiago.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Upon passage

#### COMMITTEE ACTION

**Banking Committee** 

Joint Favorable

Yea 10 Nay 5 (03/05/2019)

Appropriations Committee

Joint Favorable

Yea 29 Nay 15 (05/13/2019)

HB6996 / File No. 962

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